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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/734,817	12/12/2003	Bernard D. Aboba	13768.432.1	3500
WORKMAN NYDEGGER/MICROSOFT 1000 EAGLE GATE TOWER			EXAMINER	
			JOHNSON, CARLTON	
60 EAST SOUTH TEMPLE SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2436	
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			09/17/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/734,817	ABOBA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	CARLTON V. JOHNSON	2436				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 Ju</u>	ılv 2009					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
· <u> </u>						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 10/734,817 Page 2

Art Unit: 2436

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114.

Applicant's submission filed on 7-6-2009 has been entered.

2. Claims 1 - 28 are pending. Claims 1 - 3, 10 - 12, 19 - 21, 23 - 26, 28 have been amended. Claims 29 - 43 have been cancelled. Claims 1, 10, 19, 24 are independent. This application was filed on 12-12-2003.

Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are moot based on new grounds of rejection.
- 3.1 Applicant argues that the referenced prior art does not disclose, *transfer of discovery information to access point for authentication.*

Kallio discloses the transfer of discovery information back to an access point as part of an authentication process. (see Kallio paragraph [0114]; paragraph [0115]; paragraph [0116]; paragraph [0117]: after access point is authenticated; access point

Application/Control Number: 10/734,817 Page 3

Art Unit: 2436

then authenticates terminal device; discovery information transferred to access point for authentication)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Whelan et al. (US PGPUB No. 20040198220) in view of Meier et al. (US Patent No. 6,950,628) and further in view of Kallio (US PGPUB No. 20040014422).

With Regards to Claims 1, 10, Whelan discloses in a station, computer program product comprising one or more computer-readable storage media storing computer-executable instructions that is capable of communicating with at least one access point in a communications network, a method for creating a secure association between the station and at least one access point, the method comprising:

a) at a station that is a client device seeking access to other client devices and a network by associating with and authenticating itself to one or more access points that bridge communications between the client device and a network communications server in the communications network, obtaining discovery

information from one or more access points in the communications network, the discovery information reflecting capabilities of the one or more respective access points to facilitate communication with the station; (see Whelan paragraph [0049], lines 1-10: detect (discover) information obtained from access points; paragraph [0090], lines 1-5: authentication of mobile units (clients); col. 2, lines 30-32: software; computer readable implementation)

Furthermore, Whelan discloses the following:

- b) selecting one of the access points to become associated with; (see Whelan paragraph [0049], lines 10-12: placed on associated list)
- access point includes verifying the discovery information previously obtained from the one or more access points in the communications network; (see Whelan paragraph [0054], lines 1-4; paragraph [0026], lines 1-4: authenticate access point (mobile device) using discovery information)

Furthermore, Whelan discloses the discovery of an access point (see Whelan paragraph [0013], lines 3-7: request for verification; paragraph [0009], lines 1-3; paragraph [0054], lines 1-4: authenticate access point; paragraph [0013], lines 7-10: receive response) and wherein the discovery information obtained from the access point. (see Whelan paragraph [0049], lines 1-14: mobile unit initiates an association process to an access point; based on identification (ESSID); client invokes the correct set of association lists; mobile unit authenticates the access point; paragraph [0123], lines 3-7: client sends information (ESSID, BSSID);

determine which access point mobile unit should be associated with)
Whelan does not specifically disclose a discovery verification request.
However, Meier discloses:

- d) sending a discovery verification request to be verified; (see Meier col. 3, lines 1-5; col. 3, lines 15-18: send message to access point including SSID (security object); verifying the access point); verification procedure for access point)
- e) receiving an acknowledgement receipt from the selected access point verifying

 that the discovery information is valid; (see Meier col. 6, lines 30-39: allow

 connection if the access point does have a matching SSID; connection is allowed

 (acknowledgement))

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Whelan for a discovery verification request as taught by Meier. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Meier to differentiate network access for different classes of users, especially wireless LAN users. (see Meier col. 1, lines 19-24)

Whelan does not specifically disclose discovery information sent back to an access point.

However, Kallio discloses:

for d): sending the discovery information obtained from the selected access point

back to the selected access point, and discovery information is sent back to the

selected access point is sent back with a security object. (see Kallio paragraph

[0114]; paragraph [0115]; paragraph [0116]; paragraph [0117]: after access point

is authenticated; access point then authenticates terminal device; discovery information transferred to access point for authentication), and

for e): the discovery information sent back with the security object in the discovery verification request matches the discovery information provided by the selected access point while obtaining discovery information from the one or more access points. (see Kallio paragraph [0114]; paragraph [0115]; paragraph [0116]; paragraph [0117]: after access point is authenticated; access point then authenticates terminal device; discovery information transferred to access point for authentication)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Whelan for discovery information sent back as taught by Kallio. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Kallio to efficiently transition from a first access point to a second access point with minimal modifications. (Kallio paragraph [0013], lines 1-4)

With Regards to Claims 2, 11, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 1, 10, wherein the security object is an identifiable security object obtained during authentication. (see Whelan paragraph [0013], lines 3-7: authentication request; paragraph [0076], lines 1-3: certificate, security object) However, Meier discloses wherein discovery verification request includes a security object. (see Meier col. 3, lines 1-5; col. 3, lines 15-18: send message to access point including SSID (security object); verifying the access point); SSID security object in verification request)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Whelan to use a security object in a discovery verification request as taught by Meier. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Meier to differentiate network access for different classes of users, especially wireless LAN users. (see Meier col. 1, lines 19-24)

With Regards to Claims 3, 12, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 2, 11, wherein the identifiable security object includes at least one of an encryption key, a certificate <u>or a</u> hash number. (see Whelan paragraph [0076], lines 1-3: certificate, security object)

With Regards to Claims 4, 13, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 1, 10, wherein authenticating the access point includes identifying a certificate from a trusted certificate authority. (see Whelan paragraph [0096], lines 1-3; paragraph [0076], lines 3-5: certificate authority (CA) utilized for authentication)

With Regards to Claims 5, 14, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 4, 13, wherein the trusted certificate authority is a server of the communications network. (see Whelan paragraph [00076], lines 3-5: CA is a server)

With Regards to Claims 6, 15, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 1, 10, wherein authenticating the access point is part of a mutual

authentication that also involves the access point authenticating the station. (see Whelan paragraph [0009], lines 1-3; paragraph [0054], lines 1-4: mutual authentication)

With Regards to Claims 7, 16, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 1, 10, further including an act of sending a frame to the access point after receiving the acknowledgment receipt, wherein the frame includes a verifiable key that indicates to the access point that the frame is actually received from the station. (see Whelan paragraph [0094], lines 1-3: shared secret key utilized to exchange messages)

With Regards to Claims 8, 17, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claim 7, wherein the frame includes a management frame configured to control the secure association between the access point and the station. (see Whelan paragraph [0094], lines 1-3: secure exchange of messages between mobile units (access point and station))

With Regards to Claims 9, 18, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 8, 16, wherein the management frame is configured to terminate the secure association. (see Whelan paragraph [0030], lines 1-5; paragraph [0030], lines 17-20: excluded list (terminate association))

With Regards to Claims 19, 24, Whelan discloses in an access point that is capable of

communicating with at least one station in a communications network, a method, computer program product comprising one or more computer-readable storage media storing computer-executable instructions for creating a secure association between the station and at least one access point, the method comprising:

a) at an access point that bridges communication between one or more stations that are client devices seeking access to other client devices and a network by associating themselves with and authenticating themselves to one or more access points, providing discovery information to the one of the one or more stations, the discovery information reflecting capabilities of the access point to facilitate communication with the one of the one or more stations; (see Whelan paragraph [0049], lines 1-10: provide (discovery) information obtained from access points)

Furthermore, Whelan discloses:

b) providing a certificate with the discovery information that is used by the station to authenticate <u>discovery information of</u> the access point; (see Whelan paragraph [0096], lines 1-3: certificate utilized in authentication)

Furthermore, Whelan discloses the discovery of an access point. (see Whelan paragraph [0013], lines 3-7: request for verification; paragraph [0009], lines 1-3; paragraph [0054], lines 1-4: authenticate access point; paragraph [0013], lines 7-10: response to request) and wherein the discovery verification request includes at least part of the discovery information obtained from the access point (see Whelan paragraph [0049], lines 1-14: mobile unit initiates an association process to an

Application/Control Number: 10/734,817 Page 10

Art Unit: 2436

access point; based on identification (ESSID); client invokes the correct set of association lists; mobile unit authenticates the access point; paragraph [0123], lines 3-7: client sends information (ESSID, BSSID); determine which access point mobile unit should be associated with) and sending an acknowledgement receipt to the station. (see Whelan paragraph [0123], lines 7-9: association information (acknowledgement) is transmitted to client over a secure connection)

Whelan does not specifically disclose a discovery verification request.

However, Meier discloses:

- c) receiving a discovery verification request from the <u>one of the one or more</u>
 stations; (see Meier col. 3, lines 1-5; col. 3, lines 15-18: send message to access
 point including SSID (security object); verifying the access point); verification
 procedure for access point)
- d) verifying to the <u>one of the one or more</u> stations that the discovery information in the discovery verification request matches the discovery information provided while the one of the one or more stations was obtaining discovery information from multiple access points; (see Meier col. 6, lines 30-39: allow connection if the access point does have a matching SSID; connection is allowed (acknowledgement))

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Whelan for a discovery verification request as taught by Meier. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Meier in order to differentiate network access for different classes of users, especially wireless LAN

users. (see Meier col. 1, lines 19-24)

Whelan does not specifically disclose discovery information sent back to access point.

However, Kallio discloses:

for c): receiving the provided discovery information back from the one of the one or more stations; (see Kallio paragraph [0114]; paragraph [0115]; paragraph [0116]; paragraph [0117]: after access point is authenticated; access point then authenticates terminal device; discovery information transferred to access point for authentication), and

for d): the received discovery information sent back matches the discovery information originally provided; (see Kallio paragraph [0114]; paragraph [0115]; paragraph [0116]; paragraph [0117]: after access point is authenticated; access point then authenticates terminal device; discovery information transferred to access point for authentication)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Whelan for discovery information sent back as taught by Kallio. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Kallio to efficiently transition from a first access point to a second access point with minimal modifications. (Kallio paragraph [0013], lines 1-4)

With Regards to Claims 20, 25, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 19, 24, wherein the discovery verification request includes

an identifiable security object obtained during authentication of the access point by the one of the one or more stations. (see Whelan paragraph [0076], lines 3-5; paragraph [0096], lines 1-3: certificate, security object)

With Regards to Claims 21, 26, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 20, 25, wherein the identifiable security object includes at least one of an encryption key, a certificate or hash number. (see Whelan paragraph [0076], lines 3-5; paragraph [0096], lines 1-3: security object, certificate)

With Regards to Claims 22, 27, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 19, 24, wherein the certificate is signed by a server of the communications network. (see Whelan paragraph [0096], lines 1-3: CA, server system, certificate signed by CA)

With Regards to Claims 23, 28, Whelan discloses a method, computer program product as recited in claims 19, 24, further including an act of authenticating the one of the one or more stations as an authorized network device. (see Whelan paragraph [0009], lines 1-3; paragraph [0054], lines 1-4: authentication, mobile unit)

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carlton V. Johnson whose telephone number is 571-

270-1032. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday, 8:00 - 5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser Moazzami can be reached on 571-272-4195. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Nasser G Moazzami/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2436 Carlton V. Johnson Examiner Art Unit 2436

CVJ August 31, 2009